Numb. XLVII.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Monday, November 3. to Thurſday, November 6. 1729.

Extract from an Act of Parliament paſſed in the ſecond Year of His Majeſty's Reign, Entitled, An Act for better Preſervation of His Majeſty's Woods in *America*, and for the Encouragement of the Importation of Naval Stores from thence; *and to encourage the Importation of Maſts, Yards, and Bowſprits, from that Part of* Great Britain, *called* Scotland, *viz.*

WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majeſty King *GEORGE* I. (Entitled *An Act giving further Encouragement for the Importation of Naval Stores, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*) it is Enacted, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever within any of his Majeſty's Colonies of *Nova Scotia*, *New Hampſhire*, the *Maſſachuſetts Bay*, the *Province of Main*, *Rhode-Iſland*, and *Providence Plantations*, the *Narraganſet Country*, or *King's Province*, and *Connecticut* in *New-England*, and *New-York* and *New-Jerſey* in *America*, or within any of them, do or ſhall preſume to cut, fell, or deſtroy any White Pine Trees, not growing within any Townſhip, or the Bounds, Lines, or Limits thereof, in any of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations, without His Majeſty's Royal Licence for ſo doing firſt had and obtained: And whereas ſince the paſſing of the ſaid Act, great Tracts of Land, where Trees fit for Maſting grow, have been, in order to evade the Proviſions of the ſaid Act, erected into Townſhips: Now for the better Preſervation of White Pine Trees in His Majeſty's ſaid Colonies, for Maſting his Royal Navy, Be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of *September* next, no Perſon or Perſons within the ſaid Colonies of *Nova Scotia*, *New Hampſhire*, the *Province of Main*, the *Maſſachuſets-Bay*, *Rhode-Iſland*, and *Providence Plantation*, the *Narraganſet Country*, or *Kings-Province*, and *Connecticut* in *New-England*, and *New-York*, and *New-Jerſey* in *America*, or within any of them, or within any other Province or Country in *America*, that now belongs, or hereafter ſhall belong to the Crown of *Great-Britain*, do, or ſhall preſume to cut, fell or deſtroy any White Pine Trees, except only ſuch as are the Property of private Perſons, notwithſtanding the ſaid Trees do grow within the Limits of any Townſhip laid out, or to be laid out hereafter, in any of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations, without His Majeſty's Royal Licence for ſo doing firſt had and obtained.

And whereas their late Majeſties King WILLIAM and Queen MARY, for the better providing and furniſhing Maſts for the Royal Navy, in and by their Charter dated at *Weſtminſter*, the ſeventh Day of *October*, in the Third Year of their Reign, granted to the Province of the *Maſſachuſets Bay* in *New-England* in *America*, did reſerve to Themſelves their Heirs and Succeſſors, all Trees of the Diameter of Twenty-four Inches and upwards, at Twelve Inches from the Ground, growing upon any Soil, or Tract of Land within the ſaid Province or Territory, not heretofore granted to any private Perſon; In order therefore to make the ſaid Reſervation more effectual, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever within [*any of the Provinces and Colonies aforeſaid*] do or ſhall preſume to cut, or deſtroy any White Pine Trees of the Diameter of Twenty-four Inches, or upwards, at Twelve Inches from the Ground, not growing within ſome Soil, or Tract of Land within the ſaid Province, granted to ſome private Perſon or Perſons before the ſeventh Day of *October*, which was in the Year One thouſand ſix hundred and Ninety, without His Majeſty's Licenſe firſt had and obtained; and every Perſon ſo cutting, felling or deſtroying ſuch White Pine Trees, not being the Property of private Perſons, in any of the Colonies abovementioned, and likewiſe every Perſon cutting, or deſtroying any White Pine Trees, of the Diameter of Twenty-four Inches and upwards, at Twelve Inches from the Ground, growing in any Tract of Land in the Colonies aforeſaid, not granted to ſome private Perſon or Perſons before the ſeventh Day of *October*, One thouſand ſix hundred and ninety, or who ſhall be aiding or aſſiſting therein, or in drawing away the ſaid Pine Trees, after the ſame ſhall have been ſo cut and felled, ſhall be ſubject to ſuch and the like Forfeitures and Penalties reſpectively, as are provided in the aforeſaid Act of the eighth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, for and againſt ſuch Perſons as fell, cut or deſtroy, any Pine Trees, not being, or growing in any Townſhip within any of the ſaid Plantations; the ſaid Forfeitures to be recovered and applied in the ſame Manner, as in the ſaid Act is particularly ſet forth and enacted.

N. B. The Penalties above refer'd to, are for every White Pine Tree of the Growth of twelve Inches Diameter and under, the Sum of 5*l.* thoſe from twelve to eighteen Inches Diameter, 10*l.* thoſe from eighteen to Twenty-four Inches, 20*l.* and thoſe from Twenty-four Inches Diameter and upwards, 50*l.*

Extract of a Letter from Jeremiah Dummer, *Eſq; late Agent for* New-England, *to his Friend in* Boſton; *dated at* London, Aug. 10. 1729. *Relating to their late Difference between the Governour and the People.*

'**** I farther ſaid, that I hoped we ſhould not be 'forced into Meaſures, but that we might be left to act 'freely, and I ſtill ſay ſo. The Aſſembly ſhould enjoy 'an abſolute Freedom in all their Proceedings, if I could 'govern Things; and therefore whenever any Attempt is 'made either at Court or in Parliament to bring us under 'Compulſion, there ſhall be no body more active than my 'ſelf to oppoſe it, as far as my Ability will go.

'And now I have made this Declaration, I am not afraid 'to add my hearty Wiſhes that the Aſſembly would of 'Choice, and by their own Conſent, comply with His Ma'jeſty's Inſtruction, and fix the Governor's Salary for the 'Time of his Government, or for a Term of Years. I am 'of Opinion that they cannot do a wiſer or better Thing 'in their preſent Circumſtances. As they have agreed on 'the Quantum, and are determined to give it annually, it's 'a Pity they wont go a Step farther, and make it a Reſolve 'of the Houſe, by which they will at once reſtore them'ſelves to his Majeſty's Favour, and put an End to the 'Confuſions and Diſtractions among themſelves. *New England*

land juſtly boaſts of her Loyalty, but methinks it would not be amiſs, if to that we added a little Complaiſance to the Crown (if ſuch an Expreſſion may be allowed.) Should we now and then ſtrain a Point this Way, the Crown is very able to return the Civility, for how can we ſubſiſt without its continual Favours? But on this I lay no Streſs. There is another grand Point, which merits our Attention more than all the reſt; and that is, I am afraid, if *we don't do it willingly, we ſhall be compelled to do it unwillingly*. The Miniſters are determined to lay it before the Parliament, and if they bring in the Bill, Who will undertake to get it thrown out? I have indeed heard ſome People ſay, What if it ſhould come into Parliament, They can but oblige us to ſettle the Salary at laſt. But the Gentlemen who argue thus, have not conſidered the Matter ſo far as I have. Who can tell what Turn it may take when it comes before the Legiſlature? What if the Wiſdom of the Nation ſhould think a Thouſand Pounds not an adequate Salary, and make it two or three? It's poſſible likewiſe, and very probable, that when their Hand is in, they'll ſettle Salaries for the Lieutenant Governour and Secretary. And what if, when the Bill is depending, the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms ſhould deliver in a Memorial to the Houſe with a Petition annext, that their Officers in *New England* may be provided for? This is no Chimera or Invention of mine, for I heard it from one of the preſent Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, who ſaid he thought it very juſt and reaſonable. I could enlarge upon this Head, but forbear it, leſt it ſhould be thought I am dreſſing up a frightful Story to intimidate the Aſſembly, which is very far from my Intention.

I don't know whether this Letter will pleaſe any Body, and am very ſure it will offend many, but I am of ſuch a Temper, that I would rather ſerve my Country than pleaſe them, tho' if it could be, I ſhould think it a ſingular Happineſs to do both. I have no private Views in what I write; for as to the Agency, you know I reſigned it, tho' when a Bill was brought into the Houſe of Commons at their laſt Seſſion, which had Clauſes in it very prejudicial to *New England*, I re-aſſumed that Character, and had the good Fortune to get the Bill amended. Nor ſhall I ever think much of my Time or Expence on the like Occaſion, whether I am reimburſed or not, or ſo much as receive Thanks.

To conclude, Sir, if the Aſſembly ſhould think fit to ſettle a Salary in order to prevent the Conſequences that may attend their Neglect, or Refuſal, it would be adviſeable, I think, (with Submiſſion to their Wiſdom) to make it payable only during the Governour's Reſidence there; and to give it in Bills of the Province; becauſe if it ſhould be ſaid a Thouſand Pounds Sterling, the Treaſurer will be obliged to procure Bills of Exchange at any Rate, which will be a Means to raiſe and keep up the Exchange.

Theſe are my Thoughts on the preſent Controverſy, which I can't tell whether they are worth ſending you, and I give you Power to make what Uſe of them you think fit.

I am Sir,

Your very humble Servant,

JER. DUMMER.

The Foreign News will be in our Monday's Paper.

Perth-Amboy, Nov. 1. At a ſpecial Court of Oyer and Terminer, held at Perth-Amboy, on Wedneſday the 9th of October paſt, were tried Capt. *Anthony Adamſon* and *William Scot* (mentioned ſometime ſince in the publick Papers) for counterfeiting the Bills of Credit of New-Jerſey, and for uttering the ſame. They were found Guilty, and the Court gave Judgment againſt them as followeth, *viz.*

That you the ſaid Adamſon, *be taken into a Cart at the Priſon Door, on Friday the laſt Day of October, and ſo carted thro' the Streets of Perth-Amboy, with a Rope about your Neck; and that you be, about eleven a Clock in the Forenoon of the ſame Day, put in the Pillory, and there to continue for an Hour, and from thence carted with a Rope about your Neck to Woodbridge, to the Meeting-Houſe of the ſaid Town, thence to the Square before Mr. Hevet's Door, and to ſtand in the Cart a quarter of an Hour: And that you have a Paper fixed on your Back and Breaſt, declaring your Offence, with one of the counterfeit Bills fixed thereto; and from thence back to the Goal, there to remain until you pay the Fees and Charges.*

The ſame Sentence was paſſed on *William Scot*, with this Difference; he was to be carried to Piſcataway, and not until Saturday the fifteenth of November.

We hear from Kingſton in the County of Ulſter, that on Sunday the 26th of October laſt, the Malt-houſe and Brew-houſe of *Matthias Sleſt*, with a great Quantity of Wheat, Barley and Malt, and all the Utenſils therein, were burnt and deſtroyed.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, November 3.

Entred inwards, Lawrence from *St. Thomas's*, Johnſon from *Dover*, Arnold and Greanvelt from *Rhode-Iſland*, Boſch from *Boſton* and *Rhode-Iſland*, *Schermerhorn* from *Boſton*.

Entred outwards, Tanner for *Amboy*, Miller for *Gibraltar*, Phenix for *Curacoa*, Boſch for Boſton.

Cleared for Departure, Foſter to *Curacoa*, Young to *Barbadoes*, Donovan to *Jamaica*.

Philadelphia, November 6.

We are inform'd that the following Accident lately happen'd at Merion, viz. A Man had order'd his Servant to take ſome Fowls in from Rooſt every Night for fear of the Fox: But one Evening hearing them cry, he look'd out and ſaw, as he thought, a Fox among them; accordingly he took his Gun, charg'd with Swan Shot, and fir'd at him; when to his Surprize it prov'd to be the Servant's Arm, which taking down the Fowls he had miſtaken for a Fox. The Man receiv'd ſeveral Shot, ſome thro' his Arm, but none of them are thought to be dangerous.

The Young Man who ſome time ſince, being diſorder'd in his Senſes, cut open his Belly in a miſerable manner in order to deſtroy himſelf, died lately in his Way home to his Father in Maryland, having undertaken the Journey before he was thoroughly recovered.

Laſt Night a Fire happened in Walnut Street, which conſumed two Stacks of Hay.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, Entred Inwards.

Sloop Adventure, R. Rawle, from *Surranam*, Ship Mary, R. Sanders, from *Dublin*.

Entred outwards, Ship Manwaring, R. Stone, and Brigt. Keith, S. Hoskins, for *Jamaica*, Ship Samuel and Anne, T. Glentworth, for *Madera*. Ship Mary, R. Sanders, for the *Iſle of Man*, Sloop Trueman, J. Hughes, for the *Weſt-Indies*.

Cleared for Departure, Scoon. John, T. Wright, to *Boſton*, Brigt. Hannah-Hope, W. Annis, to *Jamaica*, Sloop Seaflower, J. Rice, to *Cape Fear*.

Prices of the following Goods. Wheat 3 *s.* 8 *d.* Indian Corn 2 *s.* 2 *d.* Flour 12 *s.* Ship Bread 13 *s.* Maſſes 20 *d.*

Advertiſements.

To be SOLD:

A TRACT of Land containing about a Thouſand Acres, lying on *South River*, about Four Miles from *Brunſwick*, and about Eight Miles from *Amboy*; it is well timber'd, and has about 60 Acres of good Meadow, a good Dwelling Houſe and a Store-houſe, and a good Landing very convenient for Trade and bringing of Goods from *York* to the *Jerſeys*, and excellent for taking of Shad at the Time of the Year when they are in Seaſon, as hath been proved. Any one who hath a mind to purchaſe the ſame, may apply themſelves to *Gabriel Steelea*, Eſq; at *Perth Amboy*, or Dr. *Brown* near *Burlington*.

To be Let to FREIGHT:

THE Brigantine *Ann & Elizabeth*, Burthen *Sixty Tons* or thereabouts, now lying at Mr. *Robert Ellis's* Wharff. The Maſter may be treated with on Board ſaid Veſſel, or at the Houſe of Mr. *Benj. Morgan* in King-ſtreet.

CHoice Maid Servants, fit for Town or Country Buſineſs, to be diſpos'd of by *John Searle*, at the Houſe of *Benjamin Morgan*, Wine-Cooper, in King-ſtreet.

Philadelphia: Printed by *B. Franklin* and *H. Meredith*, at the New Printing-Office near the Market, where Advertiſements are taken in, and all Perſons may be ſupplied with this Paper, at *Ten Shillings* a Year.